



Interactions between HIV/AIDS and the Environment: A Review of the Evidence and Recommendations for Next Steps



IUCN

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- IUCN asked UW to assist in developing report. IPPF and UoN was also involved at various points.
- Focus on E. Africa, however learn from other research areas and provide recommendations that can be applied at different scales and areas.

Introduction

Objective

- Synthesize the literature on issues associated with HIV/AIDS and the environment
- Identify and discuss examples of interventions to address HIV/AIDS and the environment
- Identify data and knowledge gaps
- Develop a conceptual framework to address the links between HIV/AIDS and the environment
- Suggest next steps for basic and operational research and for improving integrated interventions

Literature review

A go		

Type of Publication	No.		
In Peer-Reviewed Journals:			
Original Research			
Review Article			
Case Study			
Commentary			
Policy Paper			
Subtotal	90		
In Sources other than Peer-Reviewed Journals			
Review Paper			
Policy Paper			
Presentation, Conference, or Workshop Paper			
Published Guidelines or Tool-kit			
Large Scale Demographic/Health Survey			
Case Study Paper			
Thesis/Dissertation			
Published Book			
Subtotal	87		
Grand Total	177		

Millennium Development Goals

- Goal 1—Eradicate Extreme Poverty and Hunger
- Goal 2—Achieve Universal Primary Education
- Goal 3—Promote Gender Equality and Empower Women
- Goal 4—Reduce Child Mortality
- Goal 5—Improve Maternal Health
- Goal 6—Combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria, and other Diseases
- Goal 7—Ensure Environmental Sustainability
- Goal 8—Develop a Global Partnership for Development



Major Themes Linking HIV/AIDS and the Environment

- Food insecurity
- Natural resource use
- Agriculture and land use
- Fisheries sector practice
- Gender inequality

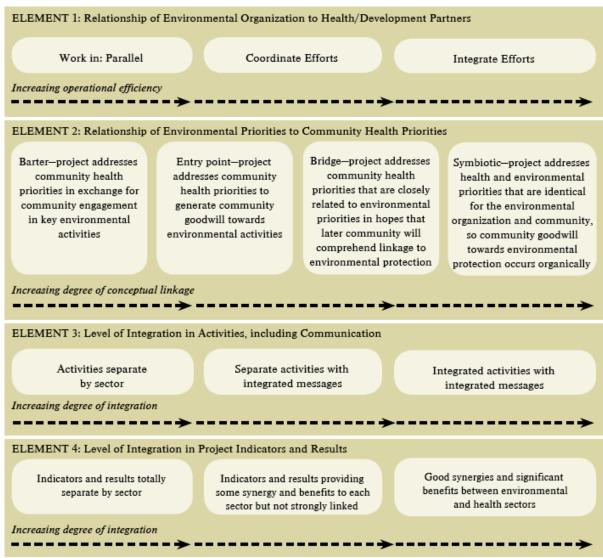
- OVC
- Migration
- Crisis situations
- Climate change
- Effects of environment interventions on HIV/AIDS





A framework for integration of environmental and health programming

Adapted from (Oglethorpe et al. 2008)



Core findings

- Three major upstream factors that affect all aspects of the HIV/AIDS-Environment nexus:
 - Social disruption
 - Poverty
 - Gender inequality
- Enhance susceptibility to HIV and increases reliance on 'free' ecosystem services

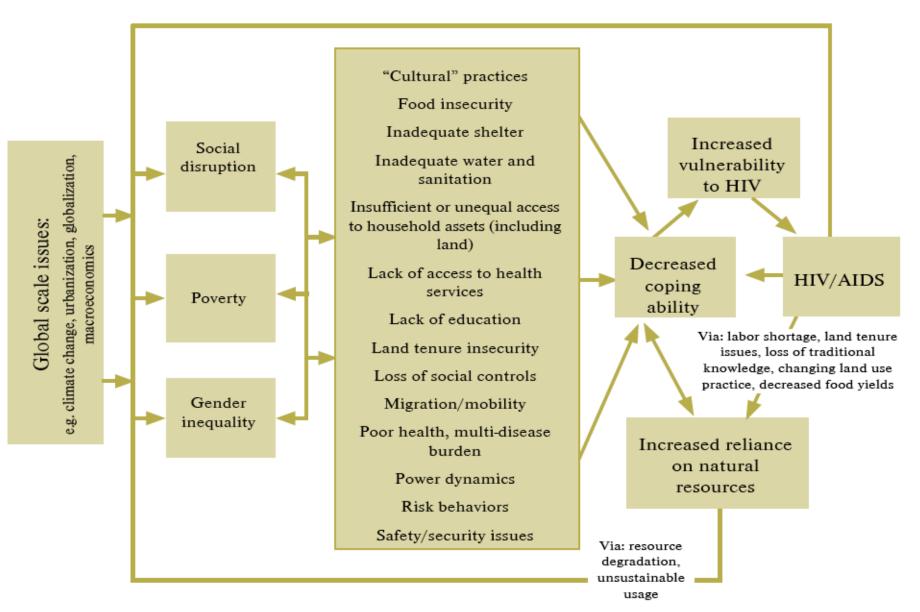


Coping Ability

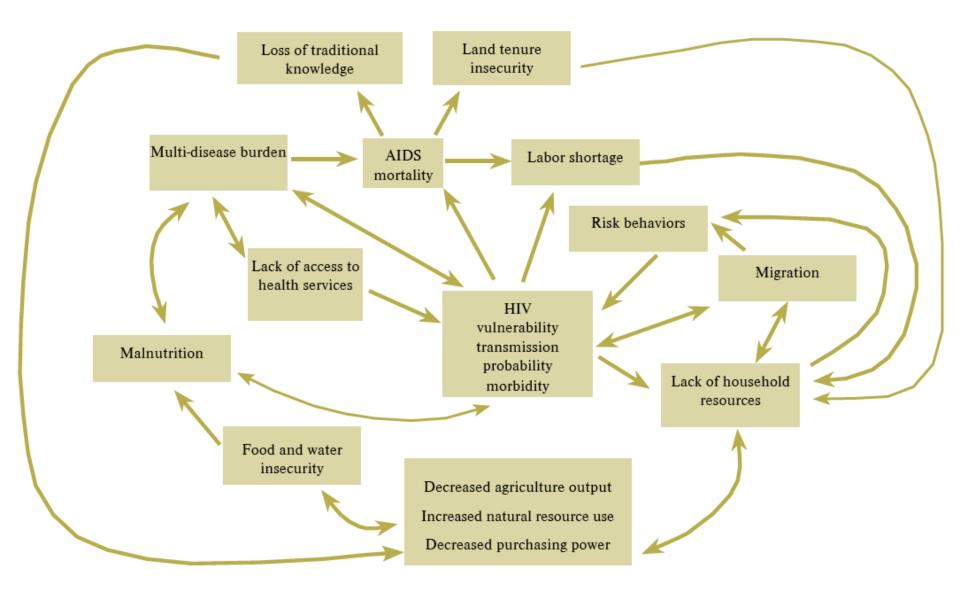
- "Coping ability is a linchpin in the pathway from poverty, gender inequality, and social disruption to HIV."
 - Decreased coping ability makes people and communities more vulnerable to HIV/AIDS.
 - HIV/AIDS in turn leads to increased dependence on natural resources due to loss of:
 - Labor force
 - Land tenure
 - Traditional knowledge
 - Maintaining previous livelihoods



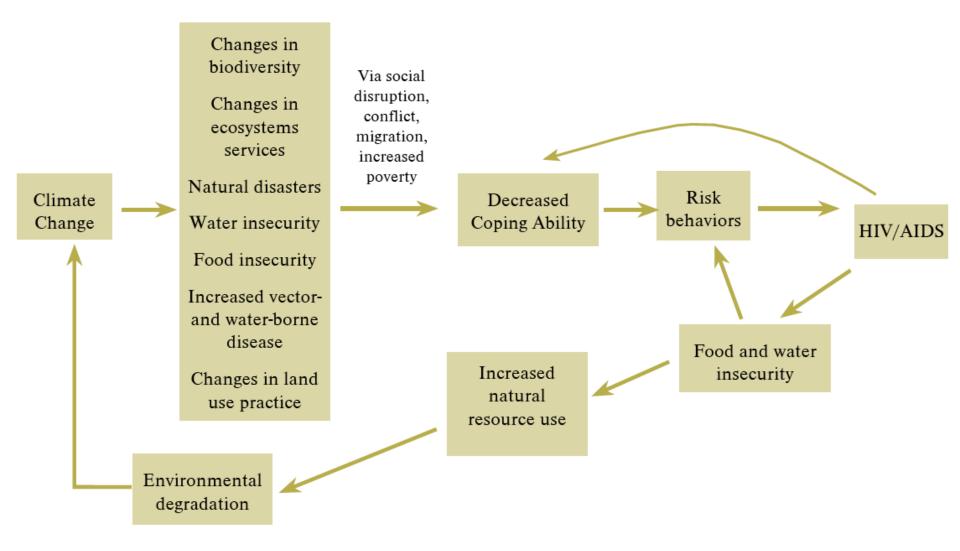
Linkages between HIV/AIDS and the environment at the community level



Linkages between HIV/AIDS and the environment at the household level



Effects of climate change on the links between HIV/AIDS and the environment



Next steps: the research HIV/AIDS and the environment

• Evidence regarding the success of interventions is still lacking



- HIV/AIDS can result in overuse of natural resources?
 - Lacking is documentation of status and trends of the various natural resources and of the extent of use by HIV/AIDS affected households vs. poor households in general

Workshop Outcomes

- Produce evidence supporting addressing HIV and the environment as an integrated topic.
- Identify relationships between environmental condition and HIV/AIDS prevalence.
- Active collaborative group

 Conduct efficacy, effectiveness and operations research



Additional Recommendations

- Monitoring and Evaluation
- Upstream determinants of social conflict, poverty and gender inequality
- Identify and measure appropriate ecological indicators.
- Inventories of known medicinal plants
- Pursue additional pharmaceutical and clinical research.

Additional Recommendations

- Food insecurity and HIV/AIDS outcomes
- Land use/land tenure issues
- Food insecurity and human health effects of climate change.

- Research in developing countries.
- Policy Learning!
- HIV/AIDS at the institutional level





Bolton, S. and Talman, A. (2010). Interactions between HIV/AIDS and the Environment: A Review of the Evidence and Recommendations for Next Steps. Nairobi, Kenya: IUCN ESARO Office. viii + 62pp. Full report available at www.iucn.org

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